## INDIAN STATISTICAL INSTITUTE, BANGALORE CENTRE

B.MATH - Second Year, Second Semester, 2001-02

Statistics - II, Semesteral Examination, May 2, 2002, April 30.

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Time - 9-45-12-45

(6) 1. n independent trials, each with probability p of success, are carried out. Trials are then continued further (independently) until an additional success is obtained, this requiring S additional trials. Let the results be denoted as

 $X_1, \ldots, X_n, X_{n+1}, \ldots, X_{n+S-1}, X_{n+S}$ , where  $X_i$  is either 1 (success) or 0 (failure).

- (a) What is  $P(\sum_{i=1}^{n+S} X_i = k)$  for any integer k?
- (b) What is minimal sufficient for p? Justify.
- (c) Find the maximum likelihood estimate of p.
- (8) 2. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be i.i.d. Uniform  $(0, \theta), \theta > 0$ .
- (a) What is the minimal sufficient statistic for  $\theta$ ? Is it complete?
- (b) Show that  $X_{(n)}$ , the largest order statistic, is independent of  $X_2/X_1$ .
- (5) 3. The density of the three-parameter Weibull distribution is

$$f(x;a,b,c) = \begin{cases} (a/b)((x-c)/b)^{a-1} \exp\left(-((x-c)/b)^a\right), & \text{if } x > c, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

where  $-\infty < c < \infty$ , a > 0, b > 0. Let  $X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n$  be a random sample from this distribution. Suppose that a and c are known. Consider testing  $H_0: b \leq b_0$  versus  $H_1: b > b_0$ . Does a UMP level  $\alpha$  test exist? Find it if it does, and indicate what statistical tables are to be used to determine the critical values of a level  $\alpha$  test.

- (7) 4. Let  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_n$  be independent observations from  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  where both  $\mu$  and  $\sigma^2$  are unknown. Consider testing  $H_0: \sigma^2 = \sigma_0^2$  versus  $H_1: \sigma^2 \neq \sigma_0^2$ . Find the generalized likelihood ratio test for this at the significance level  $\alpha$ .
- (12) 5. The weekly number of fires, X, in a town has the  $Poisson(\theta)$  distribution. The numbers of fires observed for five weekly periods were 0, 1, 1, 0, 0. Assume that the prior distribution on  $\theta$  is  $\pi(\theta) = 0.01\theta^{-2}I_{(0.01,\infty)}$ .
- (a) Find a 90% HPD credible set for  $\theta$ .

Suppose that it is desired to test  $H_0: \theta \leq .15$  versus  $H_1: \theta > .15$ .

- (b) Calculate the posterior odds ratio of  $H_0$  relative to  $H_1$ .
- (c) Calculate the Bayes factor of  $H_0$  relative to  $H_1$ .
- (12) 6. Let  $X_1, X_2, ...$  be i.i.d.  $N(\mu.\sigma^2)$ , where  $\mu \geq 0$ .
- (a) Find the m.l.e.  $(\hat{\mu}, \hat{\sigma}^2)$  of  $(\mu, \sigma^2)$ .
- (b) Find the joint probability distribution of  $\hat{\mu}$  and  $\hat{\sigma}^2$ .
- (c) Find the asymptotic distribution of  $\sqrt{n}(\hat{\sigma}^2 \sigma^2)$  as  $n \to \infty$ .
- (d) Is  $\hat{\sigma}^2$  asymptotically efficient? Justify.